## **EXHIBIT W**

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, \*

et al.,

ķ:

Plaintiffs,

\* Civil Action

\* No. 5:21-cv-844 (XR)

\* (Consolidated Cases)

STATE OF TEXAS, et al.,

\*

Defendants.

ORAL DEPOSITION OF

JONATHAN WHITE

August 11, 2023

ORAL DEPOSITION of JONATHAN WHITE, produced as a witness at the instance of Defendant The United States, duly sworn, was taken in the above-styled and numbered cause on the 11th day of August, 2023 from 9:20 a.m. to 1:00 p.m., before Lydia L. Edwards, CSR in and for the State of Texas by machine shorthand, at the Office of the Attorney General, 209 West 14th Street, in the City of Austin, County of Travis, State of Texas, pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and any provisions stated on the record or attached hereto.



- 1 being provided to us. And as we stated before, the
- 2 protocol would be for Criminal Investigations to receive
- 3 a complaint and to then investigate it, you know, to do
- 4 some preliminary investigation, determine whether it
- 5 requires a full investigation, or merits one, and then
- 6 to investigate from there.
- 7 So the list -- I assume, you know, there's
- 8 a list that exists, but typically our practice was not
- 9 to proactively go out, seek information or data and then
- 10 initiate investigations based on that. We would
- 11 typically wait for a complaint.
- 12 Q. So you do not personally review all complaints
- 13 that come in?
- A. I did not.
- 15 Q. Under what circumstances would a complaint be
- 16 brought to your attention?
- 17 A. Generally if it's something going forward on, I
- 18 would get looped in at some point, and that could be
- 19 early in the process or it could be a little later once
- 20 the investigation had already begun and perhaps the
- 21 investigator had questions.
- Q. What steps do investigators take to review
- 23 complaints?
- 24 A. At the outset, evaluating -- making an initial
- 25 evaluation of a complaint would involve just a review of



Page 18 1 the allegation itself, if there was any evidence provided, thinking through the allegation based on our experience and our knowledge of election crimes to see 3 4 if it even -- if the allegation even makes sense. 5 course, we would see if there's even a criminal 6 allegation that's alleged on the surface of the complaint before -- as a preliminary step before we 8 would move forward. 9 And those investigators were not supervised by 10 you, correct? 11 No, not -- they were not in my chain of command A. because the election fraud unit -- or Election Integrity 12 Unit that investigated these crimes report to law 13 14 enforcement up their chain. And they're part of the 15 Criminal Investigations Division, and I was in Prosecution. So I did not have direct supervisory 16 17 authority over those folks. It was more of a 18 knowledge-based and sort of a goodwill-based 19 relationship. 20 So there were complaints that would come in Q. that would not be brought to your attention? 21 22 A. That's probably true. 23 Is that probably true or do you know it to be 24 true that there would be certain complaints that you 25 would not be made aware of because they would be



- 1 resolved by this other unit?
- A. I mean, I'm pretty sure that that's true
- 3 because if there was a complaint that didn't require
- 4) further investigation -- that didn't merit investigation
- 5 it's unlikely that that would be brought to my
- 6 attention.
- 7 Q. And that determination would be made by someone
- 8 else?
- 9 A. Correct. And if I could add to that, you know,
- 10 the procedures in the early days were more -- it was
- 11 more bifurcated where it was just Criminal
- 12 Investigations would take a complaint, review it, do an
- 13 investigation, then bring it to the prosecutor. We
- 14 tried to integrate that more as time went on because we
- 15 found that it built better cases. So there was some
- 16 variance in how that took place over time, but I would
- 17 see more and more complaints as time went on.
- Q. And what was the turning point for that?
- 19 A. It was just -- it was just an effort to build
- 20 better cases by getting, you know, prosecutors involved
- 21 earlier in the process to evaluate the complaint and to
- 22 make suggestions based on what we would need to see
- 23 evidentiarially to be able to make a prosecutable case.
- Q. I'm sorry. I meant what year --
- 25 A. Ah.



Page 20 Q. -- did that change? 1 Gradually occurred over time. 3 So the process was still bifurcated, but the 0. sort of informal collaboration depended on both the 5 nature of the complaint and, you know, the instincts for 6 collaboration over time? 7 Α. Exactly. 8 Q. Through what means would you learn about the outcome of an investigator's efforts, like a memo, an 10 email? 11 Generally it was one-on-one conversations. We A. 12 shared a space -- an office space, and that was one of the efforts that we had made to sort of integrate going 13 14 forward to produce better investigations and have us 15 work together as a cohesive unit even though we were in 16 two separate divisions. So somebody would come sit down 17 in my office. 18 Would an investigator write up their notes? 19 Generally not. They would write official reports if -- if a case was completed and there was 20 probable cause that an offense occurred. 21 22 Q. And so there would be no paper record of investigations that occurred and were undertaken but did 23 24 not turn into prosecutions? 25 MS. HUNKER: Objection, form.



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Page 21
 1
             I wouldn't -- I wouldn't say no because, you
    know, there's -- there could be an occasional email,
    certainly, but most of those conversations took place in
 3
 4
    person, sometimes over the phone.
 5
        Q. (BY MS. PAIKOWSKY) Did the investigation
 6
    process itself generate documents/papers/records, like
    emails/notes/reports?
 8
        Α.
            Occasionally.
        Q.
             And what is your basis for -- withdrawn.
10
                  Did you personally participate in those
    investigations beyond being appraised about them by the
11
12
    investigators?
13
        A .
             If a case moved forward to prosecution,
    generally always yes. There would be follow-up
14
15
    investigation by my team that was needed.
             I'm speaking just at the investigation phase.
16
        0.
17
        A.
             Yeah.
18
             Would you question witnesses, for example,
        Q.
19
    before prosecution had been recommended?
20
        A.
             No, generally not.
21
                  MS. PAIKOWSKY: So I would like to mark
22
    this as Exhibit 3. I lost my exhibit stickers.
23
                   (White Exhibit No. 3 marked.)
24
        Q.
            (BY MS. PAIKOWSKY) Do you recognize this
25
    document?
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Page 23
 1
        0.
             Do you recall what criteria you used to search
    for documents in response to discovery requests in this
 3
    case?
 4
            It has been a long time. I want to say it's
        Α.
 5
    probably been a year and a half or so. I -- really
    don't. I remember in the early stages the requests were
    mainly about SB1 specific communications and things, and
 8
    then after that I really don't have much recollection.
 9
                  MS. HUNKER: Counsel, there appears to be
10
    cut-off Bates numbers. Do you happen to have it so I
11
    can note it for my records?
12
                  MS. PAIKOWSKY: Can I give it to you at
13
    the break?
14
                  MS. HUNKER: Yes.
15
                  MS. PAIKOWSKY: Thank you.
                                              So I'm going
    to mark this document as Exhibit 4 and pass it around as
16
17
    well.
18
                  (White Exhibit No. 4 marked.)
19
             (BY MS. PAIKOWSKY) And you don't need to read
20
    the whole thing. I'd just like to know do you recognize
21
    what type of document this is?
22
        A.
             Yes, ma'am.
23
        Q.
             What is it?
24
             This is a supplemental investigation report on
25
    top. And I'm not sure if this whole thing is a
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Page 24
1
    supplemental or not, but it's an investigative report.
    generally speaking.
3
        Q.
             And so there would be a primary report in
    addition to this one?
5
        A.
             Typically. And that may be -- this is -- oh,
    sorry. You got the staple in the right-hand corner. I
    think the document is actually upside-down.
        Q.
             Oh, I'm sorry.
9
        A .
             Yeah. This is an investigative report followed
10
    by a supplemental report perhaps.
11
        Q.
             And this is a report that would be created to
12
    write up an investigation, correct?
13
        A.
             Correct.
14
             And this is a document that you might review
15
    coming from the investigation division?
             Correct. If this was referred for prosecution,
16
        A.
    I would generally see this document at some point in
17
18
    time.
19
             And so this document would be created for all
20
    investigations that had been authorized to move forward
21
    from a complaint into a formal investigation process; is
22
    that correct?
23
                  MS. HUNKER: Objection, form.
24
             No, not necessarily. It would be -- this would
25
    be complete before we received a prosecution referral.
```



Page 25 (BY MS. PAIKOWSKY) So investigations that the 1 investigation division internally did not warrant a prosecution recommendation might not be written up in this way and turned over to you; is that correct? A. It -- it might be. But a situation where a case was referred -- where a case was investigated preliminarily and didn't turn into a full investigation would likely not have a complete investigative report like this one. 10 0. But full investigations would have a report 11 like this one? 12 I think typically they would. And you would only receive it if it was turned 13 14 over to you from the other division because they thought 15 it warranted your attention? Correct. I didn't have any direct access to 16 Α. 17 these documents. Do you -- how often did you receive documents 18 0. 19 like this? 20 And I guess I would receive a document like A. this on the completion of any investigation that was 21 22 referred for prosecution. And the number, I -- I'd be guessing if I tried to put an average on it, but in the 23 24 spreadsheet of cases prosecuted, that would give you an 25 idea of at least the cases that were able to be charged



Page 26 in court, how many of those I received over what period of time. 3 0. Did you ever receive an investigation document like this and decide not to prosecute? A. I'm sure that happened, yes. 0. Do you know about how often that happened? I don't think I could put a number on it, but A. it wasn't infrequent that a case wouldn't be able -wouldn't be viable in court. 10 Q. And when you were undertaking your search for documents -- and I know this was a long time ago -- do 11 12 you recall looking for these kinds of reports? 13 P. . I don't have a specific recollection of that, 14 but I could say that most of the time I wouldn't retain 15 copies of reports like this. I might if I had an investigation that proceeded forward, but typically 16 17 these would stay with the Criminal Investigations 18 Division. 19 Q. But if it turned into a prosecution, you would 20 retain this for your records? Very likely I would have a copy of that. 21 A. 22 0. How much of an investigative file comes to your attention? Is it just this document, or are there more? 23 24 A. It would depend on the case. But there could 25 be a report or I might see, you know, election records



Page 27 or I might just verbally be told about election records that were obtained. I might be told about, you know, witness interviews or things that the investigator had learned or researched. It depends on what stage I was having that interaction with an investigator. It depends on whether it was a case that ultimately was made on the investigation side, and it depends on whether a case was actually prosecution-worthy and then 9 we actually in earnest gathered documents, performed our 10 own investigation to shore up facts and evidence and 11 whatnot. So it varies. So just so I understand -- and I'm going to 12 13 maybe refer to this as a pre-prosecution investigation 14 file and a prosecution-ready investigation file, so 15 something that is kind of presented to you with a 16 prosecution recommendation and something that's in the 17 preliminary stages. 18 Α. Uh-huh. 19 So for a prosecution recommendation investigation file, that would include this report and 20 potentially other evidence and things like that; is that 21 2.2 correct? It could. It's -- it all depends on the 23 24 investigator really. 25 How much time would you spend reviewing a file



Page 28 that was presented to you as, you know, the investigation is complete and we're ready to move forward with the prosecution? A. I mean, only as much as I had to. Did you read the whole thing every time or you could get a sense? I didn't always need to read an entire investigative report if one was provided. I mean, a lot 9 of it would be based on the conversation with the --10 with the investigator so I could cut to the chase. 11 Especially if the investigator wasn't -- wasn't that 12 good of a writer, I might get the information out of him 13 just via conversation. 14 Are there any documents or records that the 15 investigative unit would make when they closed an 16 investigation and did not refer it for prosecution? 17 I'm not sure. Were there any documents or records that your 18 19 office would create when a prosecution recommendation 20 file with an investigation would be presented to you and 21 you determined not to move forward with the prosecution, 22 so closing documents? 23 Generally not. Generally we would only open a 24 case if we had done significant work on that case on our side that, you know, time needed to be billed to. So --25



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Page 29
    but, no, we didn't have a standard form or anything that
 1
    we used to record presentations.
        0.
             So when we last spoke, you mentioned that you
    usually supervised cases and not prosecuted them because
    you supervised other attorneys. Is that -- was that
    correct?
 7
        A.
             Yeah. I mean, early in my career I was the
    line prosecutor. Toward the end when I was running the
9
    investigations -- or the Election Integrity Division, I
10
    would generally be referring these cases to other
11
    attorneys. So if I saw something like this
12
    (indicating), it would probably not even come to me. I
    mean, it would probably go to the attorney, and I would
13
14
    just know what the basic case is from talking to the
15
    prosecutor and the investigator.
16
        0.
             Can you describe to me the division of labor
17
    between you and a line attorney when receiving an
    investigation and determining if -- to move forward with
18
19
    the prosecution?
20
        A .
             Due to my experience with these cases, I would
    generally make a decision of whether a case was worth
21
    going forward on or not, and I could do that fairly
22
    quickly. And then I would refer the file to the
23
24
    prosecutor and connect him with the investigator.
25
        Q. When did you become a supervisor?
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Page 59 that. I say my investigator, not really mine but our 1 investigator. 3 Was it before or after election day? I know some of this was going on in real-time 5 prior to the election -- prior to voting day, but -- at least that's my recollection. So you're not sure whether the list was provided before or after election day? 8 9 I think I said it was before. A. 10 Q. Okay. 11 I'm pretty certain that it was before, and I think it had to have been before because they were able 12 to not count most of the fraudulent votes that we had 13 14 found; although, a few had been counted. So my 15 deduction would have been that that would have had to 16 have happened during the early voting period. 17 So you assert that Dallas County received and counted fraudulent ballots from Mr. Mohamed. How did 18 19 you come to that conclusion? 20 A. That was -- I believe that was told to me by my investigator. 21 22 Q. But you were not perfect -- personally involved 23 in investigating and making that determination? 24 I did not go to Dallas County, and I didn't talk with the families and the voters myself. 25



- 1) may have reviewed some election records, but I don't
- 2 have a specific memory of which ones I did or didn't.
- Q. Did your office issue public statements
- 4 describing these assertions that Dallas County received
- 5 and counted fraudulent ballots?
- A. Not to my knowledge. And we typically wouldn't
- 7 do that during the pendency of an investigation.
- Q. Did your office include any of these assertions
- 9 in any public court filings?
- 10 A. I don't believe we would have done that, no,
- 11 during the pendency of the investigation.
- MS. HUNKER: Objection, form.
- 13 Q. (BY MS. PAIKOWSKY) In past testimony, you
- 14 suggested that fraud occurs this way with no awareness
- 15 or participation from the voter, and large scale
- 16 operations are both easier to detect than harvesting
- 17 operations that engage voters directly; is that correct?
- 18 A. It's true -- I believe it's true that ballot
- 19 diversion schemes like the one that Mohamed performed
- 20 are easier to detect than boots on the ground, knock on
- 21 one door at a time, have an interaction with the voter,
- 22 yes, absolutely, because you have a large number of
- 23 ballots being sent to a single address. That could be a
- 24 residential care facility. It could be a multifamily
- 25 dwelling. But Denton County in this case took it upon



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Page 71
    date, April 27, 2022. Do you see that sticker there?
 2
        A .
            Yes, ma'am.
 3
             All right. And would you agree with me that
    this is the chart that you produced that was current as
 4
    of April, 2022 regarding the pending and resolved
 6
    prosecutions?
 7
        Α.
            Yes, ma'am.
8
             Okay. Go ahead and take a look at your
9
    declaration, if you would. This is Deposition Exhibit
10
    No. 2.
11
                  In Paragraph 3 of your declaration that's
12
    on Page 1, you say in the last sentence -- and tell me
13
    if I read this correctly -- "I have reviewed hundreds of
14
    investigations, and handled approximately 100
15
    prosecutions...." Do you see that there?
16
             Yes, ma'am.
17
             Okay. Does your experience with the hundreds
18
    of investigations and approximately 100 prosecutions
19
    form the basis of your knowledge of the topics that you
20
    testify about in your declaration?
21
        A.
             Certainly a large portion of it.
22
             Okay. What outside of the investigations and
23
    prosecutions form your knowledge for the topics that you
24
    address in your declaration?
25
        A. Well, if I can reference my previous answers
```



- 1 very specific thing that I thought might be
- 2 chart-related that's Paragraph 16 at the top of Page 4
- 3 where you mention the number of election offenses and
- 4 individuals prosecuted.
- 5 A. Oh, yeah. Yes, ma'am, yes. That would have
- 6 been another one that I would have had to review. I
- 7 would have had a rough idea of that, but I would have
- 8 had to review the spreadsheet to narrow that time frame
- 9 from 2015 forward.
- 10 Q. Did you review any case files in order to
- 11 prepare the declaration?
- 12 A. No, ma'am.
- 13 Q. And so would it be fair to say, then, that the
- 14 knowledge that you're expressing in your declaration is
- 15 based on your past exposure to documents and
- 16 conversations and activities that you had?
- 17 A. I think that's accurate. It's -- it's an
- 18 amalgamation of 15 years of cases and prosecutions and
- 19 reviewing, you know, lots of election records and things
- 20 like that and all of the things we've talked about
- 21 today, yes, ma'am.
- 22 Q. At the very beginning of your declaration, you
- 23 say that -- and this is even before the numbered
- 24 paragraphs -- you're executing the declaration as part
- 25 of your assigned duties and responsibilities; is that



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Page 85
    all of those cases, but I'm not sure. And if you wanted
    me to run the numbers one way, I would definitely have
    to go the spreadsheet and try to -- and try to do that.
    Also, I'm not sure about the 18. It could have been 20;
 5
    it could have been 22. I think it was 18, but don't
    hold me to that.
 7
        0.
             Understood. I'm not going to force you to do
    the math here.
 9
                  Let's look at Paragraph 8 of your
10
    declaration. Here you're talking about election
11
    offenses, and in your second sentence, you say with mail
    ballots -- "With mail ballots, a vote harvester travels
12
    in person to wherever the voter is located, in a nursing
13
14
    home, for example, or at the voter's home...." Do you
15
    see that?
16
        A.
             Yes, ma'am.
17
             Okay. Do you recall identifying any documents
        Q.
18
    that provide that information when you were working on
19
    discovery production in this case?
20
             No, I don't recall.
21
        Q.
             Do you recall whether any documents with that
    information were produced by State Defendants in this
22
23
    litigation?
24
             I have no idea what was produced.
        A.
25
             Okay. I'm going to ask you a series of very
        Q.
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Page 86
    similar questions about the declaration. So I hope you
 1
 2
    don't become impatient if you have to repeat some of
 3
    your answers.
            No promises.
        Α.
             My next question is also in Paragraph 8 where
    you talk about achieving an election offense "by
    actually filling the ballot out for the voter, or
8
    suggesting to the voter how they should vote during the
9
    voting process." Do you see that language there?
10
        A.
             I do. And that was referencing the ensuring
11
    "that the ballot is voted for the candidate" in the
12
    prior sentence. That was what the "achieving" was
13
    about.
14
             Do you recall identifying in your documents as
        Q.
15
    part of your work on discovery production in this case
16
    that have those specific facts in them?
17
        A .
             I honestly couldn't say one way or the other.
18
    It's the same answer as before.
19
             And do you know whether State Defendants
        Q.
20
    produced any documents with those specific facts in them
21
    about filling out the ballot for the voter or suggesting
22
    to the voter how the voter should vote? Were any
23
    documents like that produced by State Defendants in the
24
    case?
25
             I have no idea.
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Page 89
    questions that may elicit a similar answer, but I still
    have to ask them, okay?
 3
            Yes, ma'am.
        Α.
 4
        Q.
             You mentioned in Paragraph 10 that "political
    operatives may transport voters to the polls and assign
    the voter to an 'assistant' who walks them through the
    voting process, including physically entering the votes
8
    on the voting machine." Do you see that?
9
             Yes, ma'am.
        A.
10
        0.
             Do you recall identifying any documents for
    production -- for discovery production in this case that
11
12
    state those specific facts?
13
        A.
             I don't recall that specifically, but that's
14
    something that I've testified about in front of the
    Legislature. And it does bring a particular case to
15
16
    mind, but it's a civil election contest that I wasn't
17
    particularly -- wasn't personally involved in, but yes,
18
    ma'am.
19
             And did you -- do you recall identifying any
        Q.
    documents related to that civil election contest as part
20
21
    of the discovery production in this case?
22
        A .
             I don't remember one way or the other.
23
        Q.
             Okay. Beyond that one civil election contest,
    do you recall any other documents that would state this
24
25
    specific fact -- these specific facts?
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Page 90
 1
             I don't recall documents. They may exist, but
    my recollection is based on generally anecdotes that I
    might have spoken with an investigator about or just
    general memories of an investigation and wouldn't be
    tied to any particular document.
             Did that investigation lead to a prosecution?
             I wouldn't be able to tell you that. I might
        A .
    dig around the memory bank and maybe come up with
9
    another specific example, but that could take me more
10
    time than we have here today.
11
        Q.
             And so sitting here today you can't think of a
12
    specific prosecution related to the facts stated in this
13
    sentence regarding assigning a voter to an assistant and
14
    the assistant possibly even physically entering the
15
    votes on the voting machine?
16
        A.
             Well, how much time do you have?
17
        Q.
             I have time. Does that mean that you want to
18
    sit for a while and think about it?
19
        A.
             I mean, I could come up with another example if
20
    you wanted me to probably.
21
        Q.
             And would that example be a prosecution?
22
        A.
             Possibly. I remember a case in Nueces County
23
    where a candidate himself was actually sort of attaching
24
    himself to voters and taking them through the voting
25
    process and voting -- well, voting their ballots --
```



	Page 91
(1)	Q. Was that
(2)	A. ( although.)
(3)	Q. Go ahead. Please finish.
(4)	A. It was a runoff election. He was the only race
(5)	on the ballot. So it was a little bit of unique facts.
6	That's probably why it's standing out.
(7)	Q. Do you mean he was the only candidate on the
(8)	ballot?
(9)	A. Only race. It was a runoff between him and one
10	other candidate.
(11)	Q. Do you know if that resulted in a prosecution?
(12)	A. It did result in a prosecution, although not a
(13)	successful one. And mistakes were made, and lessons
(14)	were learned. It was not by me, by the bay.
15	Q. Okay. Is that prosecution on your chart?
16	A. Yes, ma'am.
17	Q. Can you find it?
18	A. I probably can, yeah. I think we might have
19	talked about it last or in a previous deposition when
20	we went through a bunch of these cases or all of the
21	cases on the prosecution's resolve list that were asked
22	
	about. I'm having trouble reading this.
23	Q. It's a terrible copy.
24	A. I think the defendant name might have been
25	Robert Gonzales, if that helps but, I'm having trouble
9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



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Page 92
 1
    finding it.
        Q.
            Okay.
 3
             With that being a closed case, I can pretty
    much talk freely about it if you have questions.
 5
        Q. So besides Mr. Gonzales and the anecdote you
 6
    mentioned earlier, there would be records related to
    Mr. Gonzales' prosecution, would there not?
 8
             There should be, yes.
 9
             Okay. Do you recall producing those in
10
    discovery?
        A. I -- no. Again, I couldn't tell you one way or
11
12
    the other.
13
        Q.
            Okay.
14
            I don't think those documents would have been
15
    in my -- my custody because it was actually prosecuted
16
    by an attorney from the criminal prosecutions division.
    But I don't recall one way or the other, probably not,
17
18
    though, from me.
19
             Okay. Now, later on in Paragraph 10, you
20
    mention assistance -- well, "...assistants may latch on
    to a voter at the polling location..." Do you see that
21
22
    there --
23
        A.
             I'm sorry.
24
             -- in the middle of the Paragraph 0?
25
        A .
             No. 10?
```



Page 93 Q. 1 Yes. A. Yes, ma'am. And actually the Gonzales example would probably be a better example of latching onto a 3 voter; although, I do believe he did have somebody he provided transportation to, which kind of goes into the assigned assistant scheme which we saw in the South Texas case with the election contest. And we actually had -- I think we had three -- three prosecutions filed 9 that came out of that matter which were pending at the 10 time that we deposed last. 11 0. Okay. 12 But I believe that those have since been A. 13 dismissed due to the ruling in Stephens. 14 Q. Okay. And do you recall identifying any 15 documents for production containing facts that assistants may latch onto a voter at the polling 16 17 location? 18 I don't recall one way or the other, no, ma'am. A . 19 Q. Okay. Do you know whether any were produced in 20 this litigation? 21 I have no idea what was produced. Α. 22 Okay. You mention at the bottom of Paragraph 23 11 that "vote harvesters are usually paid off book" and 24 that "they may be listed on campaign reports as 25 'canvassers,' 'blockwalkers,' 'GOTV' ... 'outreach,' or



Page 94 1 some other euphemism or title." Is that a correct reading of your declaration there? Yes, ma'am, it is. A . 0. Okay. Do you recall identifying any documents for production in this case that contained those facts? 6 A. I do not recall one way or the other. 7 0. And do you recall whether any documents 8 containing those facts were turned over in discovery? 9 I have no idea. 10 Okay. Paragraph 12, you mention harvesters will go through a neighborhood and sign up as many 11 people as possible for mail-in ballots. Do you see that 12 13 there? 14 Α. Yes, ma'am. And I think we discussed that in a prior deposition in regard to the presentation that you 15 had a copy of that was given at a Secretary of State 16 elections conference, but, yeah, that's some general 17 18 information about the harvesting. 19 And besides that conference document, do you 20 recall identifying any documents that -- for discovery production that contained those facts? 21 22 Α. I don't recall one way or the other. 23 And do you know if any documents like that were 24 turned over in discovery? 25 Α. I do not.



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Page 95
 1
        Q.
             Paragraph 13 mentions "harvesters may resort to
    signing up young, able-bodied people who do not qualify
    for mail ballot voting." Do you see that there?
        A .
             Yes, ma'am.
        Q.
             And then you go on to give an example of a
    case.
          Do you see that?
        A.
             Yes, ma'am, I do.
             Do you recall whether you turned over --
        0.
9
    whether you identified for production any documents
10
    related to that case that you mentioned in that
11
    paragraph?
12
        A .
             I do not recall, ma'am.
13
        0.
             Do you know if any materials were turned over
14
    in discovery in this case related to vote harvesters
15
    signing up young, able-bodied people who do not qualify
16
    for mail ballot voting?
             I do not recall -- or do not have that
17
        A.
18
    knowledge.
19
             So since you're talking about a case here,
20
    would it be fair to say that there was a record of that
21
    case in your office somewhere?
22
        A.
             There -- right. There would be a record of
    that investigation, surely, certainly; although, the
23
24
    investigation was referred to Gregg County DA's Office
25
    for prosecution. So it's possible they have the
```



- 1 original file, and there could be some attorney work
- 2 product relating to our advisory role in that case from
- 3 a prosecution standpoint. So there could be some
- 4 limited documents on the prosecution side.
- 5 Q. And similarly with respect to the election
- 6 contest that you mentioned earlier involving voter
- 7 assistants, there would be some documentation -- some
- 8 records in your office touching on that election
- 9 contest; is that right?
- 10 A. Right. There should be -- I think it would be
- 11 about the same answer. There should be some limited --
- 12 there should be some sort of investigative file with
- 13 CID; although, as I recall, that was a fairly small
- 14 investigation -- fairly simple investigation because the
- 15 details had been hashed out and testimony had been
- 16 gathered in a civil election contest prior. And then
- 17 the case was filed by Hidalgo County District Attorney's
- 18 Office who we were assisting with that case up until the
- 19 Stephens decision became final, and that case was
- 20 dismissed, I believe -- those three cases.
- 21 Q. And then with respect to Mr. Gonzales over
- 22 there in Nueces County, there would be some records in
- 23 your office of the investigation and what it was he may
- 24 have done with respect to voter assistants; is that
- 25 right?



Page 105 question. 1 Α. Yes, ma'am. 3 In your paragraphs on Mohamed Zul, in Paragraph 21 in the last sentence, you're talking about SB1's 5 requirement of an ID number, I believe, and in the last 6 sentence, you say, "This security measure would have 7 prevented this fraud scheme entirely, and would have stopped it early, at the application phase"; is that 9 right? 10 A. Yes, ma'am. And when you say "application," you mean 11 12 application for ballot by mail? 13 Α. Yes, ma'am. 14 Wasn't it the case that Mohamed Zul had forged voter registration applications for the voters for whom 15 16 he was seeking mail ballots? 17 A . You may know more than I do about that. was a lot of information released publicly about this 18 19 case, and maybe that's where you're getting some of 20 that. The only -- my recollection was -- is 21 applications for ballot by mail-in for mail ballots, and I did not -- I was not -- as I sit here today, I don't 22 recall a voter registration component. But, again, a 23 24 lot of information was released publicly, and so that --25 I won't argue with you if that was the case.



```
Page 106
 1
        Q.
             If it was the case that Mohamed Zul had forged
    voter registration applications which did contain ID
    numbers, he would have had the ID numbers that were
    required for application for ballot by mail, mail
 4
 5
    ballot, under SB1, correct?
 6
                  MS. HUNKER: Objection, form.
 7
        A.
             Well, assuming he had the right numbers to
    begin with because you have to provide a valid ID number
9
    in order to get a registration through to the live check
    process. So to the extent that any vote harvester has,
10
11
    you know, PII, personal identifying information, of a
12
    voter, they could, well, forge a registration
13
    application and the following documents to vote.
14
        Q.
             (BY MS. PERALES)
                               And --
15
             If --
        Α.
16
             I'm sorry. Keep going.
        0.
17
        A.
             The only thing I was going to add to that is,
    I -- it wasn't my understanding that he had those
18
19
    numbers in this case which is why I was a little more
20
    categorical about my statement that it would have
21
    stopped this scheme. So I'll leave room for you to be
    correct about the voter registration applications
22
23
    because I know there was a lot of information released
24
    publicly about this case, not by us but by Denton
25
    County, perhaps some others. I was not aware of that
```



## 1 fact if that's true.

- Q. I could be completely wrong about that, and,
- 3 you know, sometimes you read something in the paper and
- 4 it's not correct. So --
- 5 A. Well, that's true, also.
- 6 Q. Moving along, I wanted to ask if you reviewed
- 7 any of the discovery responses in this case. And I'm
- 8 going to mark three of them for you -- actually I'm
- 9 going to try to save time by marking all three and
- 10 giving them to you at once.
- 11 (White Exhibit No. 7 marked.)
- 12 Q. (BY MS. PERALES) I'm handing you what has been
- 13 marked Deposition Exhibit 7.
- 14 (White Exhibit No. 8 marked.)
- 15 Q. (BY MS. PERALES) I'm going to hand you what
- 16 has been marked as Deposition Exhibit 8. Go ahead and
- 17 you take a look at these as I hand them to you.
- 18 (White Exhibit No. 9 marked.)
- 19 Q. (BY MS. PERALES) I'm handing you now what has
- 20 been marked as Deposition Exhibit No. 9.
- 21 So let's take a look at Deposition Exhibit
- 22 No. 7, and I'll represent to you that these are the
- 23 Attorney General's Objections and Responses to Private
- 24 Plaintiff's First Set of Requests For Production, dated
- 25 December 29.



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Page 110
    to pin down where they came from. It's all right here
    in my head (indicating).
 3
                  MS. PERALES: I understand. I object as
    nonresponsive, and I'll try my question again.
             (BY MS. PERALES) Understanding that you're
 6
    testifying based on what's in your head and also
    understanding that what's in your head is differently
    than what's in my head because we've had different
    experiences professionally, would it be fair to say that
10
    your knowledge -- the knowledge that informs the
11
    testimony of your declaration is drawn at least in part
12
    from the investigative and prosecution case files that
    you've been exposed to over these years that you have
13
14
    worked in your unit --
15
                  MS. HUNKER: Objection --
16
             (BY MS. PERALES) -- or division?
17
                  MS. HUNKER: Objection, form.
18
        A.
             In part, sure.
19
             (BY MS. PERALES) I'm going to retrieve from
20
    you Deposition Exhibit 7, if you don't mind.
21
            I think it's --
        Α.
22
            Where did it go?
        0.
23
        Α.
             -- right here (indicating).
24
             Oh, there it is.
25
                  MS. PERALES: And I'm going to take the
```



- 1 preparing privilege logs. Does this document help
- 2 refresh your recollection whether you were involved in
- 3 preparing privilege logs?
- 4 A. It's the same as before. I don't recognize the
- 5 document. I didn't do any work on it. If information
- 6 from me was used in preparation for this, I don't -- I
- 7 don't know about it.
- 8 Q. Okay. Do you happen to notice that in the
- 9 column which has sort of descriptive information --
- 10 "Privilege Statement" is the column -- we see a lot of
- 11 entries for "Election complaint" --
- 12 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 13 Q. -- on both the first page and the second page?
- 14 Would you agree with me?
- 15 A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. We don't really see entries for investigative
- 17 files; is that right?
- MS. HUNKER: Objection, form.
- 19 A. I'm not seeing investigation files.
- Q. (BY MS. PERALES) Would it be fair to say that
- 21 there are investigative files in the Election Integrity
- 22 Division that would be relevant to voter fraud
- 23 investigations but are not on this privilege log?
- A. Relevant to investigations, yeah. I think any
- 25 investigative files that CID has would be relevant to



- 1 voter fraud investigations that were voter fraud
- 2 investigations, yes, ma'am.
- 3 Q. Okay. Thank you. I'd like you to now refer to
- 4 Deposition Exhibit No. 4 if I can find it. I believe I
- 5 have it here, and I'm going to hand it to you. You
- 6 previously identified this Deposition Exhibit 4 as a
- 7 supplemental investigation report and then behind it an
- 8 investigation report; is that right?
- 9 A. Yes, if we let the staple guide us through the
- 10 document. If we flip it over, the report is on top, and
- 11 the supplement is behind it.
- 12 Q. Oh, okay. I understand.
- 13 A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. Got it. Do you see one, two, three, four --
- 15 five pages in from what I think is the back but might be
- 16 the front for you there is a page that contains a list
- 17 of exhibits? Do you see that there?
- 18 A. Does it say Page 16 at the top of the page?
- 19 Q. Yes, it does.
- 20 A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. Okay. There are 26 exhibits here; is that
- 22 correct -- there's a list of 26 exhibits, yes?
- A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. And do you understand these to be exhibits to
- 25 the investigation report?



Page 118 Yes, ma'am. 1 A . Do you know if these exhibits were ever Q. 3 produced in discovery? A. I have no idea. Would these exhibits typically be considered 0. part of the investigative file? Yes, ma'am. A. 8 MS. PERALES: I'd like to go off the 9 record for five minutes, if we could. 10 MS. HUNKER: Sure. 11 MS. PERALES: Thank you. 12 THE REPORTER: Off the record, 12:45 p.m. 13 (BRIEF RECESS) 14 THE REPORTER: Back on the record, the time is 12:53 p.m. 15 16 MS. PERALES: Thank you very much, 17 Mr. White. I pass the witness. 18 19 EXAMINATION 20 BY MS. HUNKER: 21 Mr. White, I just have a couple of questions 22 for you. Can you please turn to Exhibit 5? 23 A. Got it. And can you please describe what this is? 24 Q. 25 This is a spreadsheet of all resolved A .



```
Page 120
     produced to opposing counsel?
 2
             That's my understanding because we -- I was
 3
     questioned on it in the deposition on 4-7.
            Did counsel introduce this spreadsheet as an
 4
        Q.
 5
    exhibit in the April deposition that you took?
             Yes, ma'am.
        Α.
 7
             And that deposition took place in this case; is
 8
    that correct?
        Α.
            Yes, ma'am.
10
             During that deposition, did counsel ask you
        Q.
11
    questions about the spreadsheet?
12
        A.
             Yes.
13
             And during your deposition, did counsel ask
14
    about the cases that were listed in the spreadsheet?
15
        A.
             Yes.
             In that deposition, did counsel run through the
16
        0.
17
    cases they identified as being relevant?
18
        A.
             Yes.
19
        Q.
             In your deposition, did counsel ask questions
    about the details on the cases they identified as
20
    relevant?
21
22
        A .
             Yes, to varying degrees.
23
        Q.
             And did you answer counsel's questions fully?
24
        A .
             Yes, I did.
25
        0.
             And did you provide all public information
```



- 1 about the cases that counsel asked about during your
- 2 deposition?
- A. To the extent that I was asked, I did.
- 4 Q. And did you -- to the extent that you were
- 5 asked during your deposition, did you provide all
- 6 information about closed cases?
- 7 A. To the extent that they existed on the
- 8 spreadsheet and the publicly available information, I
- 9 did, yes.
- 10 Q. In this deposition, did counsel ask you about
- 11 some of the cases identified in the spreadsheet?
- 12 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 13 Q. And did you answer fully and completely with
- 14 respect to those questions?
- 15 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 16 Q. You can put this document aside. Can you
- 17 please turn to Exhibit 8?
- 18 A. Got. it.
- 19 Q. And can you just read the title of the
- 20 document?
- 21 A. Objections to the LUPE Plaintiffs' Second Set
- 22 of Requests for Production to Attorney General Kenneth
- 23 Paxton.
- Q. And if you turn the page, do you see the date
- 25 that this particular response/objections was served?



	Page 126
1	I, JONATHAN WHITE, have read the foregoing
2	deposition and hereby affix my signature that same is
3	true and correct, except as noted above.
4	
5	
6	JONATHAN WHITE
7	
8	THE STATE OF TEXAS )
9	COUNTY OF TRAVIS )
10	Before me,, on
11	this day personally appeared JONATHAN WHITE, known to me
12	(or proved to me under oath or through)
13	(description of identity or other document) to be the
14	person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing
15	instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed
16	the same for the purposes and consideration therein
17	expressed.
18	Given under my hand and seal of office
19	this day of,
20	
21	
22	NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR
23	THE STATE OF
24	MY COMMISSION EXP.:
25	



Page 127 1 THE STATE OF TEXAS ) 2 COUNTY OF TRAVIS 3 I, LYDIA L. EDWARDS, a Certified Shorthand 4 Reporter in and for the State of Texas, do hereby 5 certify that the facts as stated by me in the caption 6 hereto are true; and that the above and foregoing 7 answers of the Witness, JONATHAN WHITE, were made before 8 by said Witness, after having been first administered an 9 oath or affirmation to testify to the truth, the whole 10 truth, and nothing but the truth, and the same were 11 reduced to computer transcription under my direction; 12 and that the above and foregoing deposition, as set 13 forth in computer transcription, is a full, true, and 14 correct transcript of the proceedings had at the time of the taking of said deposition. 15 16 I further certify that the amount of time 17 used for examination is as follows: 1.8 Dana Paikowsky - 1 hour, 25 minutes 19 Nina Perales - 1 hour, 27 minutes 20 - 0 hours, 7 minutes Kathleen Hunker 21 I further certify that the costs to 22 prepare the original transcript of the deposition came to \$ . 23 24 I further certify that I am not in any capacity 25 a regular employee of the party on whose behalf this



	Page 128
1.	deposition is taken, nor in the regular employ of any
2	attorney; and I further certify that I am not interested
3	in the cause, nor a kin or counsel to any of the
4	parties.
5	GIVEN UNDER my hand and seal of office on
6	this, the day of August, 2023.
7	
8	
	Lydia L. Edwards
9	LYDIA . EDWARDS
	Certification No. 2567
10	Expiration Date: 04-30-25
	JOB NO. 1016161
11	
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23 24	
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~ J	

